



سرمقاله

تمويل كننده:

10.....

12.....

14.....



Australian Government
Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade

نشانی انترنتی: newsletter@awn-af.net ویب سایت: newsawn-af.net

اًدرس: کارته پروان سرک جوار لیسه نادریه کوچه فرعی اول دست راست خانه شماره #۲۲

شبكه زنان افغان

بخش پروگرام

AWN's New Board of Directorates

صاحب امتياز: شبكه زنان افغان

Capacity Building Workshop on Education Policy Advocacy

Afghan Women's Network General Assembly Election

مدير مسوول: محمد الياس حاتمي ٩٣٠٧٧٧٤٣٠٩٣٠

تحت نظر هيأت تحرير

تيراژ: • • ٥ نسخه

چاپ: مطبعه صنعتی سعادت

سماره بیست و دوم نیدی

تجلیل از هشتم مارچ روز جهانی زن

۸ مارچ ۲۰۱۶ میلادی

شبکه زنان افغان هشتم مارچ روز جهانی زن را به پاس موقف و ارزش والای زن افغان و سایر زنان جهان تجلیل کرد. در این برنامه وزیر مبارزه علیه مواد مخدر، نمایندگان پارلمان، معاون شورای عالی صلح، نمایندگان جامعه مدنی، هیئت مدیره، اعضا و سکرتریت شبکه زنان افغان اشتراک ورزیدند. حسینه صافی رییس اجرائیوی شبکه زنان افغان پیام تبریکی خویش را به مناسبت روز جهانی زن به زنان سراسر جهان بیان نموده، و به سه موضوع همبستگی، همآهنگی، و هم پذیری زنان افغانستان تاکید ورزید. سپس پیام خانم اول کشور بی بی گل رولا غنی توسط نادیه صالح نماینده دفتر خانم اول به خوانش گرفته شد. در ادامه ماری اکرمی عضو هیئت مدیره شبکه زنان افغان پیام تبریکی خویش را در رابطه به روز زن ارایه کرد.

در این برنامه سند پالیسی در مورد مسیر آینده زنان افغان که توسط شبکه زنان افغان تهیه شده است توسط روبینا همدرد مسوول دادخواهی این شبکه توضیح شد. در ادامه بحث روی وضعیت زنان و سند پالیسی یاد شده توسط اعضای هیئت منصفه هر یک سلامت عظیمی وزیر مبارزه علیه مواد مخدر، شینکی ذهین کروخیل نماینده مردم در پارلمان، حبیبه سرابی مشاور امور زنان و جوانان ریاست اجرائیه ومعاون شورای عالی صلح، شاه گل رضایی نماینده مردم در پالمان، با تسهیل کننده سمیرا حمیدی عضو هیئت مدیره شبکه زنان افغان صورت گرفت. همچنان به پاس زحمات شایان کارمندان شبکه زنان افغان اعضای هیئت مدیره ای دور قبل این شبکه از آنان با تقدیم تحسین نامه ها ستایش کردند. در پایان برنامه با جمع بندی توسط روشن مشعل مسوول بخش هماهنگی شبکه زنان افغان انجام یافت.



به بهانه ای روز جهانی زن





هشتم مارچ مصادف به روز جهانی زن است، روز که زنان کران تا کران باهم جمع می شوند، و برای تحقق خواستهای برحق وعادلانه شان برضد انواع ظلم، تبعیض و بهره کشی ها میثاق نبرد خویش را در این روز تجدید و تازه مینمایند. تظاهرات، راه پیمایی ها، سخنرانی ها و مجالس گوناگون برپا میدارند و بودن خود را در روی کره زمین به اثبات میرسانند . این روز را یونسکو در سال ۱۹۷۷ به عنوان روز جهانی زن به رسمیت شناخت.

روز همبستگی زنان در افغانستان نیز همه ساله تجلیل به عمل می آید، و امسال نیز با برنامه های ویژه یی از سوی نهادهای دولتی و غیر دولتی تجلیل گردید؛ که یاد آور دستآوردها، چالش ها و مشکلات زنان در افغانستان بوده است. زنان کشور از محروم ترین و آسیب پذیرترین قشر جامعه هستند. آنان نمادی از ظلم و حقارت به شمار می روند که همیشه مورد توهین، تحقیر و خشونت قرار گرفته اند. مشکلات بی شماری از جمله عدم دسترسی زنان به آموزش و پرورش، خدمات صحی، عدم خود کفایی آنان از لحاظ اقتصادی، خشونت های روز افزون و سایر مسایل اجتماعی فراروی زنان این سرزمین وجود دارد؛ و آنچه آنان را از حقوق شان بدور نگه داشته است شرایط نامساعد و سابقه ی مردسالاری، بی سوادی و موجودیت فرهنگ های خرافات است.

با این همه زنان افغانستان هر روز از روزگار را امیدی برای روشنایی و فردای بهتر می شمارند، و خویش را نیرومند از پیش میدانند. حضور و افزایش آنان در موقف های کلیدی نهادهای دولتی و سایر دستآوردها گواه بر قوت ایشان و آینده مثبت می دهد. نقش دهی زنان در تصمیم گیری ها و اجتماع با حمایت از دولت آنان را متقاعد برای مبارزه با چالش های موجود در برابر ایشان می سازد، و نیز از حقوق اساسی خویش آگاه شده دیگر دست به خود سانسوری نمی زنند. تلاش ها برای رشد و توانمند ساختن زنان هم از سوی نهادهای دولتی و غیر دولتی صورت گرفته است؛ اما بسنده نبوده نیاز بیشتر برای حمایت و توانمندی در عرصه مشارکت اجتماعی و سیاسی زنان در جامعه افغانستان و دسترسی آنان به عدالت محسوس است؛ تا به خود سازی، خود کفایی، و خود ارادیت برسند.

از هشتم مارچ روز همبستگی زنان در حالی در افغانستان تجلیل به عمل می آید که زنان هنوز مصئونیت اجتماعی و حقوقی نداشته و کاروان مجاهدت آنان به منزل نرسیده؛ اما دریچه های روشن امیدواری به روی آنان در حال بازشدن است.

محمد الياس حاتمي مدير مسوول

اشتراک رهبری شبکه زنان افغان در شصتمین اجلاس کمیسیون وضعیت زنان

رهبری شبکه زنان افغان جهت پیشکش سند موقف زنان؛ که پس از دیدار زنان ولایات و جلسات متعدد برای ارزیابی چالش ها و مشکلات زنان تهیه شده است، به کمک سازمان ملل متحد برای زنان به شصتمین اجلاس کمیسیون وضعیت زنان اشتراک ورزیدند، تا سند مذکور را به سطح بین المللی ارائه نمایند.

حسینه صافی رییس اجرائیوی شبکه زنان افغان در این اجلاس در دو پنل هریک "جلوگیری و پاسخ به خشونت علیه زنان: تجارب و صداهای جامعه از افغانستان"، "دستاوردهای زنان و ترس از دست دادن آنها: مسئولیت های دولت، جامعه مدنی و جامعه جهانی" روی قضایای خشونت علیه زنان و یادبود از سالگرد قضیه شهید فرخنده، همچنان چگونگی حفظ دستآوردهای زنان و اولویت بندی کارها توسط زنان اشتراک ورزیده و به موضوعات از جمله برنامه ریزی درازمدت برای آینده زنان افغان، جستجو راه مناسب برای عملی ساختن پالیسی ها، و نیز تلاش های شبکه زنان افغان در پیوند به قضایای خشونت علیه زنان پرداخته است.

در این اجلاس رهبری شبکه زنان افغان به نمایندگی از این شبکه با نماینده های بیشتر از دوازده سفارت خانه به منظور بررسی پلان عمل و اینکه این پلان در چه وضعیتی از لحاظ عملی قرار دارد، همچنان بحث در ارتباط به اشتراک معنی دار زنان و سهم فعال شان در شورای عالی صلح ملاقات و مجالسی داشتند؛ که دیدگاه ها، نظریات، مشکلات و چالش های اساسی فراروی زنان افغان را در تمام عرصه ها بویژه در عرصه های یاد شده با آنها شریک ساخته و خواهان توجه و کمک های جدی آنها در این عرصه ها شدند.



برگزاری مجلس کمیته دادخواهی و جندر

۱۴ مارچ ۲۰۱۶ میلادی

مجلس کمیته دادخواهی و جندر شبکه زنان افغان در دفتر مرکزی این شبکه تدویر یافت. در این مجلس روی موضوعات چون مروری بر فعالیت های گذشته، نهایی سازی رهنمود کمیته جندر، تعیین مسوولیت های اعضای کمیته دادخواهی جهت برگزاری سالگرد شهادت شهید فرخنده، نظریات اعضای کمیته جهت غنامندی صفحه مختص کمپاین آنلاین شهید فرخنده، و اقدامات بعدی بحث صورت گرفت. در این مجلس WCBDO، WCLRF، AWSDC، TEST، نمایندگان دفاتر HUDA، AWEC، اشتراک ورزیده بودند.



دیدار دلبر نظری وزیر امور زنان از شبکه زنان افغان

۲۹ مارچ ۲۰۱۶ میلادی

دلبر نظری وزیر امور زنان طی مجلسی با رهبری و کارمندان شبکه زنان افغان دیدار نمود. در این مجلس وزیر وزارت امور زنان و سکرتر وی بانو راضیه، حسینه صافی رییس اجرائیوی، شهلا فرید و شفیقه حبیبی اعضای هیئت مدیره، وژمکی پوپل مسوول اداری و منابع بشری، روشن مشعل مسوول هماهنگی، روبینا همدرد مسوول دادخواهی، و سونیا اسلمی هماهنگ کننده بخش دادخواهی شبکه زنان افغان اشتراک ورزیده بودند. این مجلس به هدف ایجاد هماهنگی بیشتر میان وزارت امور زنان و شبکه زنان افغان جهت مبارزه با مشكلات زنان تدوير يافت.

دلبر نظری وزیر امور زنان از شبکه زنان افغان جهت فراهم آوری فرصت ملاقات سپاسگذاری کرده، تاکید بر ایجاد همآهنگی و همکاری های همه جانبه در خصوص مبارزه بر مشکلات زنان نمود. همچنان اضافه کرد که "وزارت امور زنان روی استراتیژی ۵ ساله کارش را آغاز نموده است تا اینکه این وزارت مشخص نماید که در ۵ سال آینده چه راهکاری را روی دست گیرد تا بتواند مشکلات زنان را کمتر سازد و در گام های نخست برای عملی نمودن این استراتیژی شبکه زنان افغان را به عنوان شبکه توانمند بازدید نمائید زیرا این شبکه یکی از قوی ترین نهاد های جامعه مدنی است و جامعه مدنی استوار کننده و تقویت کننده دولت است."

حسینه صافی رییس اجرائیوی شبکه زنان افغان ضمن سپاس گذاری از تشریف آوری وزیر امور زنان به دفتر شبکه زنان افغان به تعهد شبکه نسبت به مبارزه برای مشکلات زنان تاکید نمود. سپس هریک شفیقه حبیبی، استاد شهلا فرید اعضای هیئت مدیره و روشن مشعل مسوول هماهنگی شبکه زنان افغان در مورد بهبود روابط میان هر دو جانب و راه حل ها برای مشکلات موجوده صحبت نمودند. مجلس با دیدار وزیر امور زنان از سایر بخش ها و کارمندان شبکه زنان افغان به پایان رسید.







گرامیداشت از سالگرد شهادت شهید فرخنده در کابل و ولایات







لاسته راوړني:



په مشرقی زون کي د افغان ښځو شبکه ساحوي دفترنه ستړی کيدونکي اود رښتنوالی نه ډک خدمتونو چي ددی زون د ښځو لپاره يي ترسره کړی او لايي هم ترسره کوي. د ښو خدمتونو جايزه چي د ننګرهارولايت د ښځو چارو رياست له خوا چمتو شوی

دهيواد لومړۍ ميرمن اغلى بي بي كل رولا غنى پر لاس په دى ولايت كي د افغان ښځو شبكى ساحوى دفتر ته په هغه مراسمو كي چي د ښځو نړوالى ورځ په مناسبت جوړشوى وو ډالى كړ.



د افغان ښځو شبکه د پکتيا ولايت ساحوی دفتر د خپل عدالت غوښتنی ناستو په رڼا کی چي ددی ولايت له والی سره یی درلودی غوښتنه و کړه چی لږ تر لږه د يو ښځی مقرری په عدلی او قضایی اورګانونو ددی ولايت کی وشی، چی له نيکمرغه وروسته له پرلپسی عدالت غوښتنی يوه ښځه چی جميله

نومیږی د ښځو په وړاندی د تاتریخوالی د منعه څانګی مدیره او بله چی ظریفه نومیږی د دی څانګی د ماموری په توګه د ولایت په استناف څارنوالی کی په کار وګومارل شوی.



Year 2016



Afghanistan Society & Legal Organization

Organization Background:

ASLO was established in 2013 by a group of young and professional Afghans. ASLO is a non-government, non-political and not profit organization which has independent legal identity.



Human rights and culture revival. Civil Society Empowerment, Agriculture and animal husbandry, EWmpowerment, Women elimination of violence against women, research on the women violence cases, Awareness of women from their rights, investigate on the women violence cases Handicrafts and peace & security, access to justice of women, political participation

of women, good governance, anti-corruptions, Capacity building are the major strategic areas that are prioritized and have been included into the five years strategic plan of ASLO and all activities are performed in accordance with the five aforementioned major strategic areas.

ASLO operating since 2013 its main office is located in Kabul, Afghanistan as well as regional and provincial sub offices in which are operating in, Badakhshan, Baghlan, Mazar-e-Sharif Samangan, Kunduz, Bamayan, and Faryab, par wan, Jawzjan, Daikondi, Panshire, Sar-e-Pul, and Ghor provinces.

Vision:

Afghanistan is a stable, democratic and free of poverty, diseases and violence country.

ASLO will try to empower Afghans society in terms of education and economic through the implementation of health, civic education, peace building, Agriculture and micro economics projects.

Stated goals;

(ASLO)'s mandates are essentially inspired by the context that provided for interventions by the nonprofit voluntary sector for social, health, education, reducing violence against women and economic up lift of the people of Afghanistan.

د افغان ښځو شبکي رسينزه اعلاميه د فرخندي زجر په تاريخ کې د ښځو زجر دی!

مسلسل گڼه (۲۸)

نیټه: ۲۷/۱۲/۱۳۹۴ مطابق به ۱۷/۳/۲۰۱۱

كابل – افغانستان

لکه څنگه چې ټولو ته معلومه دې د فرخندې د شهادت له غميزې نه پوره يوکال تيريږي او د ا هغه پيښه ده چې د ټول افغانستان او نړۍ خلکو لپاره ټکان ورکونکی او د ویرنه ډکه ووه ، د افغانستان وگرو او په ټوله سره د نړۍ خلکو ددې تورتم نه ډکی پیښی د عاملینو د محکمی لپاره غږ پورته کړ او د عدالت د پلی کیدو لپاره یی انتظار وکړ په خاصه توگه د قضائیه قوه له خوا .څرنگه چې دې قضيه د ښځو لپاره په راتلونکي کې د خونديتوب تضمين کاوو او له بلې خوا يې د ټولنې نظم برابروو. مگر په ډيري خواشني سره دي قضيي ته د قانوني پلټني لپاره نه رسيدنه ،د وخت ځنډ او د ثلاثه محکمي په احکامو کي قانونی تشی، لږ پاملرنه او ان په ښکاره توگه د قانون نه سرغړونه ددې لامل شول چې تر اوسه عدالت نه دې پلې شو او خلکو خپل باور د هیواد په قضایی قوه له لاسه ورکړی. دا په داسی حال کی دی چی د حکومت مشرانو هم ددی قضیی دعدالت غوښتنې په برخه کې خپل ژمنتوب څرگند کړې وو ولي د نوموړو په ژمنوکي هم څه نا څه کم رنگتوب څرگنديږي .

ددې قضيي لپاره د ابتدائيه محکمي حکم په ښکاره (علني) توگه صادر شو خو د ډيرو خلکو د رضايت وړ نه وو او ددې لامل شو چې د رسنيزو کانفرانسونو له لاري هغه غيري عادلانه و گڼل شي. ولي بيا هم د يادو محکمو په پريکړو کې د عدالت د

د استیناف محکمی حکم صادرول یو ځل بیا د بی عدالتي تکرار وکړ او مونږ یی مجبور کړو ترڅو د عدالت په اړه راپورته شو او په دې اړه مو له ډيرو لوپورو مسولينو سره ناستې درلودي او خپلې عدلت غوښتنې ته به لا هم دوام ورکوو.

په دې قضیه کې د مدافع وکیلانو د یو گروپ شاملیدو او د شهیدې فرخندې د کورنۍ د مرستو سره سره تمه کیده چې عدالت به پلی شی، د ټولو د خوښی وړ او پر ځای حکم به صادر کړای شی ، مگرسترمحکمی همداسی ونه کړل، د ښځو غوښتنی له پامه وغورځول شوی او مجرمینو ته په هغه شان چی د محکومولو وړ وو محکوم نه شول .

په دي اساس ښځي خپل د عدالت غوښتني فرياد د ددي قضيي دعدالت د پلی کيدو لپار دوام ورکوي او لاندی غوښتنی په جدی ډول سره وړاندی کوی

- د افغان ښځو د شبکی غوښتنی!
- د فرخندي او د تاوتریخوالي نورو قضیو ته په جدي او قانوني توگه رسیدنه کول.
 - د فرخندی او نورفرخندو لپاره عدالت پلی کول.
 - د ښځو لاسرسي عدالت ته د عدلي او قضايي اورگانونو له لاري.
- د ستري محکمي تر ادارې لاندې او د عدليه، ښځو چارو وزارت او بشري حقونو خپلواک کميسيون په همغږگۍ سره د تاوترخوالي قضيو د څيړلو په موخه د نظارتي کميټي جوړول .
 - د ښځو په وړاندې د تاوتريخوالي د منع لپاره د اختصاصي محکمه جوړول.
 - د تاتریخوالی د قضیو د عامیلینو پیژندل که څه هم په نظام او یا بهر له نظامه وی.
 - په ښکاره ډول تاتریخوالي قضیو د عامیلینو نیول او محکمه کول په هر دولتي او غیردولتي کچه چې وي.

Directorates

of

Board

New

Issue No: 22

Roshan Sirran is widely recognized in Afghanistan and internationally as one of the leading voices for Afghan women's rights. Through various roles, she has 40 years of experience fighting for the rights of Afghan women; as an NGO leader, an advocate, an elected legislator, a municipal worker, an education director, a trainer, and a writer. Sirran has served as the Women's Advocacy Training Consultant for IFES' Support for Increased Electoral Participation (SIEP) program in Afghanistan for three years where she assists in program design and outreach, curriculum development, participant recruitment, and training. Ms. Roshan is the founder and Executive Director of Training Human Rights Association (THRA) for Afghan women, which is a leading nonpolitical and non-profit organization working for Afghan women's capacity development. She has designed and implemented countless women's rights advocacy and outreach programs across the country, including complex face-to-face education and training of trainers programs. Sirran spoke

Year 2016

on the rights of women and interests of civil society leaders of Afghanistan at the Bonn 2 Conference in Bonn, Germany in December, 2011. She maintains a long history as an outspoken advocate on the national and international stage, advocating for women's rights at Afghanistan's formative traditional Loya Jirgas and speaking on struggles of Afghan women at events in 15 different countries. Her efforts have brought forth numerous civil society networks and organizations, including the Civil Society and Human Rights Network (CHRN), Afghan Civil Society Organizations Network for Peace (ACSONP), and the Free and Fair Elections Foundation of Afghanistan (FEFA).





Mary Akrami is the Executive Director of the Afghan Women Skills Development Center (AWSDC), the organization that established the first shelter for women at risk in 2003. Ms. Akram envisioned an equitable and peaceful society through AWSDC and initiated the community based peace shuras (councils) in different provinces of Afghanistan. These peace councils became the only platform where women were able to find an opportunity to engage in conflict resolution mechanisms at the local levels and that was the start of women's inclusion in community based peace building. Ms. Akrami's organization has been working with other civil society organizations engaged in peace building and conflict resolution programs and provided them with trainings and mentoring on mechanisms on women's engagement in political and community based peace building. In additions to promoting women's contribution in the community based peace building and conflict resolution, Ms. Akrami has been engaged in advocacy and campaigning

for women's inclusion within the political and peace processes that included the 2010 Peace Consultative Jirga & the 2011 Grand Assembly for Peace Process. Because of her struggles for women's rights, Ms. Akrami received the International Women of Courage Award from the United States, Department of State in 2007. Ms. Akrami has participated in numerous international conferences and regional platforms for women in peace in Af-Pak region. Ms. Akrami is an alumni of New York University's Human Rights Advocacy Fellowship in New York, United States

Samira Hamidi



Samira Hamidi has Master Degree (LLM) in International Human Rights Law and Practice from University of York, UK. Ms. Hamidi is a freelance consultant and women's rights activist. As freelance consultant, Ms. Hamidi has been carrying out research, evaluation, organizing trainings and advocacy events on women's rights, human rights and civil society issues. Previously she has worked as Program and Advocacy Director with Empowerment Center for Women (ECW) (2013), Country Director for AWN (2010-2012), Gender Coordinator with UNDP (2006-2009) and Deputy Human Resources Director with Ministry of Counter Narcotics (2004-2005). Ms. Hamidi has contributed towards women's rights agenda through her different roles and responsibilities since 2004. She has been able to focus on policy advocacy, contribute in strategic decisions of the organizations towards women's empowerment

agenda, design and conduct conferences, trainings, workshops and advocacy events, participate in lobby initiatives at the national and international platforms. Ms. Hamidi was a member participant of National Peace Consultative Jirga in 2010 and Loya Jirga in 2011. Ms. Samira Hamidi was an elected civil society speaker to the Tokyo International Conference on Afghanistan in 2012. Ms. Hamidi is currently board member for Afghan Women's Network (AWN), Chair of the Human Rights Defenders Committee facilitated by the EU Delegation in Afghanistan and member of Steering Committee of Kabul House, (an initiative to support Women Human Rights Defenders) facilitated by Afghan Women Skills Development Center.

Сарасіту Building ON Policy Advocacy Workshop Education

By Asia South Pacific Association for Basic and Adult Education Manila, Philippines for the period 5-8 February 2016

The AWN's Capacity Building Officer Ms. Muska Meeran participated to the Capacity Building Workshop on Education Policy Advocacy. The objectives of this workshop were To strengthen the rights-based perspective of CSOs in Afghanistan in advocating for education and equip them with analytical tools to assert education as a human right; to share advocacy experiences and strategies of education; coalitions/networks in the Asia Pacific region and learn from the current advocacy work of ASPBAE; Update and engage the participants on the global commitments to education under the SDG4 (Education) and other SDG targets to inform their dissemination in communities; Strengthen the links among the CSOs in Afghanistan, Tajikistan, and Kyrgyzstan, and advocacy coalitions in the Asia Pacific region.

In this workshop 12 participants consisting of four CSOs representatives from Afghanistan (three from ANAFAE, one from ACBAR, one from AWN and one from



MoE, Ms. Sema Natiq and Hassina Nikzad.

After the voting process the votes counted in the presence of observers including H.E Dr. Nasreen Oriakhil, Minister of Labour and Social Affairs, Ms. Nabila Muslih deputy minister of MoWA, Mr. Said HAshim BAseerat Head of NGOs at MoE, and Ms. Hangama Anwari Programme manager of UN-Women, in which, in which Ms. Shahla Farid received the highest votes. The voting ratios is as below:

1. Shahla Farid: 45 votes Nooria Safi: 34 votes 2. 3. Zarqa Yaftali: 30

4. Ms. Samira Hamidi 28 votes

5. Ms. Mari Akrami: 25 votes and

6. Ms. Shafiqa Habibi and Roshan Serina received less than 25 votes

Finally, the event was ended with prayers and wishing success to the AWN's new board members and eating launch.

Reported By: Ahmad Fahim Hoshmand **AWN's Program Manager**





Shafiga Habibi

Shafiqa Habibi is one of the prominent women right activists, a professional and experienced journalist and a laureate TV and radio speaker. She has been also a skillful teacher in art of speaking, fluency and speech with five most important national awards, medals and sign of pride in journalism in five different regimes. She has also got the international award of IDA B.WELLS BRAVERY IN JOURNALISM in USA. Additionally Shafiga Habibi attained the prideful award of one of the (21 LEADERS FOR THE 21ST CENTRY), GALA, in New York City of USA in 21st May 2002, after the decision of jury team. She designed the projects for NAWA, which protects the rights of women and change the mentality of men to believe the dignity and liberty of women. From 2007, she produced 250 TV programs and 100 Radio programs and spots which were broadcasted by Afghanistan TV and Radios. Also NAWA implemented several awareness rising and advocacy programs in villages for men and women about violence against women.



Shahla Farid

Shahla Farid was born in Faryab Province in an intellectual family. She finished her primary education in this province and completed her middle and high school education in Khadija Joziani high school. After 12 years of education she went to university entrance exam and obtain the highest score and got success in the Law and Political Science. She has 17 years of teaching experience in various school of Kabul in her own field. In 1381 she become lecturer at Kabul University. She is currently a professor at Kabul University's Faculty of Law and Political Science. From the writings of Ms. Shahla Farid can be cited as follows:

• Human rights of women • Women's political rights • Gender and Rights • Violence against women • Feminism • Precedent • scientific articles and scientific works (published in the Journal of Law)



Zarga Yaftali

Zarga Yaftali was born in an intellectual family of Badakhshan province. In 1984 Mrs. Zarqa Yaftali have done her primary education in Kabul and in 2002 graduated from Maryam high school. At the same year she found an opportunity through Kankor to pursue her bachelor degree in law and political science in Kabul University and graduated in 2006. Furthermore, she joined Women and Children Legal Research Foundation (WCLRF) as research assistant in 2007 and as her brilliance and flexibility she had promoted to senior level of this organization such as head of research department, Head of program and now since 2011 as executive director with WCLRF.



Nooria Safi

Nooria Safi, was born in 1972 in Kunduz Afghanistan and graduated from Gharjistan University based in Kabul Afghanistan. She has started Working since 1993 at Emuhatul Momeenen in Peshawer Pakistan. After that she was working with the Department of Literacy in Kunduz at Depart of education as a Supervisor 1996- 1997, than she has experience with Amran organization as Supervisor, WUR as a DM & E Officer, DDR as a Supervisor, Director of 7 center of Recitation of Holly Quran in Kabul and WUR as a Supervisor. Right Now she is the Director of Women's Capacity Building and Development Organization and Responsible of Education Committee in Afghan Women's Network.She have other Activities like being Board member of AWEC Gender Committee.

Afghan Women's Network General Assembly Election

Date: 02 Mar 2016

Issue No: 22

Afghan Women's Network conducted its general assembly on 2nd March 2016. The session was initiated with welcoming speech of Ms. Hasina Safi, AWN's executive director and defined an over view of the network and recent updated information accomplished during the past two years (February, 2014 – February, 2016). Her presentation was prepared based on institutional development and AWN's strategic focus areas 1) Women's Political Participation and Leadership; 2) Women's Legal & Social Protection and; 3) Women's Peace and Security.

After that Ms. Nabila Muslih the deputy minister of MOWA presented the message of H.E minster of MOWA and appreciated the AWN works and pledged its lifetime support with network.

Following to that, Hangama Anwari, EVAW law program manager welcomed the AWN efforts and initiative especially during the past thirteen years in relation to the afghan women at national and international levels. She added, challenges exist in every organization but it's important to keep in mind the lesson learns and use it as a strength in the future.

UN women supports all NGOs working for women's rights. Our support and CSOs contributions will lead us to gender equality in Afghanistan. We also, support the CSOs engagement at policy level. And I strongly pledge the UN Women future contribution with AWN.

MR. Hashim Baseerat head of NGOs said, despite of challenges network survives and functions well and it's a great achievement to the network. During the past 10 years the AWN reports and productive operations attend the satisfaction and support of the international community and it's all resulting of generation decisions being made at AWN. The MOE has a good well before the network. Its accountability, transparency and productive operations proved it.

Mari Akrami, Ex-chairman board of AWN briefly talked over the past two years' achievements and thanked to the AWN founders Ms. Palwasha Hassan, Khorshid Noori, Asial Wardak, Najia as well as to the AWN secretariat for their tireless efforts.

MS. Palwasha Hassan, AWN's founders' briefly defined the election process as follow: total 14 people nominated themselves to the AWN board of directors including seven Ex-board member, senior member of the network and individuals who have active contribution with the AWN over the past two years. This the tent GA being conducted.

The first GA was conducted in 1995 in Islamabad, Pakistan and first constitution was also, made in 1998 in Islamabad Pakistan.

Finally, Ms. Roshan Mashal networking manager of AWN introduced each candidates (Shafiqa Habibi, Shahla Farid, Zarq Yaftali, Nooria Safi, Samira Hamidi, Mari Akrami, Roshan Sirina, Mariam Rahmani, Gulmakai Siawash, Mahbooba Seraj, Hasina Hussain, Karima Hedayat and Nasima Rasooly) and asked them to introduce themselves and present their platform within five minutes. Each one of the abovementioned AWN's board candidates talked for less or more five minutes and defined their future plans. Its worth to mention that Ms. Mahbooba Seraj speech was read by AWN's secretariat as she was abroad the country.

After that, the voting boxes put in places and voting ballots distributed to the members who had voting rights by AWN secretariat. An observers' committee formed to assure transparency in the voting process. The observers group were consisting of Mr. Hashim Baseerat, head of NGOs at